

# NORTH ESSEX ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY

# Choosing Your First Telescope



# **Don't Panic!**

Choosing your first telescope can seem a bit scary at first. There are so many to pick from and lots of confusing technical jargon. If your head is spinning, this short guide from North Essex Astronomical Society will help you make the right decision.

# A Few Questions About You First...

When looking for a telescope, there are a few simple questions that will help you narrow down the choices quickly. Tick any of the boxes that apply in each section below, and then use your answers along with our telescope guide on the last few pages.

|  | Approxima   | tely how much d  | you wan                                      | t to spend?   |                            |
|--|---|--|--|---|----------------------------|
| £40-£200   | £   | £200-£500  | ££   | £500+   | £££                        |
| Z  |   |  |  |   |                            |
|  | _   | _  | _  | less you are absolutel<br>d-hand when you upg                             |                            |
|  |   | Who is the teles   | cope for?                                    |   |                            |
| Family   |   | Teenager   | Ť  | Adult   | <b>&amp;</b>               |
| Z  |   |  |  |   |                            |
|  | want someth   | hing sturdy that they                                    |  | rking the telescope. Y<br>and use without help,                           |                            |
|  | How la  | rge a telescope c  | an you ma                                    | nage?   |                            |
| Small/Light  | <i>₹</i> 0  | Portable   |  | Big and/or Heavy  |                            |
|  |   |  |  |   |                            |
| Will was instance th   | e telescope ii  | 1 1 1  | or door it no                                | ed to be portable enou  | -                          |
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# **Types of Telescope**

There are three main types of telescope available for purchase. Each has its advantages and disadvantages. As with anything in life, you get what you pay for and price is (usually) a fair guide to the capability and quality of a telescope.

# Refractors

The refractor is most people's idea of a 'real' telescope, especially children. It consists of a glass lens at one end of the telescope and the focuser and eyepiece at the other.



| Advantages   | Disadvantages   |
|--|---|
| Small aperture refractors are compact, lightweight, easy to store and transport.                   | Larger aperture refractors are heavy, and often long and unwieldy.  |
| Maintenance free and will work straight out of the box.  | High quality ("Doublet", "Triplet", "Apo") refractors are very expensive.   |
| Come in a variety of focal lengths suited to either wide starfield viewing or Moon/planet viewing. | Cheaper ("Achromatic") refractors will show coloured 'rainbow' fringes around bright stars, planets and the moon. |

# Reflectors

The reflector consists of a large curved mirror at the bottom of the telescope and a small flat mirror at the top which reflects the light out of the side through the focuser and eyepiece.



| Advantages   | Disadvantages  |
|--|--|
| Best 'bang for your buck' as reflectors are cheaper than the other types at all apertures. | Large reflectors may be lighter than other big telescopes but quickly become unwieldy.   |
| Much larger apertures available than for refractors, and lighter than catadioptrics.       | Need to be "collimated" from time to time to align the mirrors by tweaking a few screws. |
| Reflectors don't suffer from 'rainbow' colour fringes                                      | Larger size/weight needs a better mount to prevent the view wobbling about.              |

# **Catadioptric**

The catadioptric is a special type of reflector. It consists of a large curved mirror at the bottom of the telescope and a glass 'corrector' at the top with a spherical mirror set in to it. The light leaves the bottom of telescope through a hole in the main mirror and in to the eyepiece. There are two types in common use, the Maksutov Cassegrain ('Mak', usually smaller, left) and the Schmidt Cassegrain ('SCT', usually larger, right).





| Advantages  | Disadvantages   |
|---|---|
| Long focal length packed in to a short telescope tube. Great for Moon/planet viewing, double stars and small objects. | Small field of view can make it hard for the beginner to find things. Much more expensive than the equivalent aperture reflector. |
| Small Maks are very compact, portable and practical to use. They do not need collimation.                             | Large aperture SCTs are big and heavy, and must be collimated from time to time .   |
| SCTs are much more practical to move and store than the equivalent aperture reflectors.                               | Larger SCTs need an hour or two to cool down outside to avoid blurry views.   |

# What's All This About 'Aperture'?

The 'aperture' of a telescope is the diameter of its main mirror or lens, which may be given in inches, centimetres or millimetres.

You can trust any astronomer when they tell you that 'bigger is better'! A larger aperture gathers more light, which allows the image to be magnified more, so enabling you to see dimmer and/or smaller objects. Doubling the aperture gathers four times more light, as shown in the table to the right. We think 130mm to 150mm is a good starting point.

# And 'Focal Length'?

The 'focal length' of a telescope determines its magnifying power and is given in millimetres. A telescope with a longer focal length magnifies more than one with a shorter focal length when using an identical eyepiece.

| Common Telescope Diameters |                 |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Millimetres (mm)           | Inches (In / ") | Light Grasp |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60                         | 2 ½             | 1 x         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70 or 71                   | 2 3/4           | 1 ½ x       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80                         | 3               | 2 x         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 102                        | 4               | 3 x         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 127 or 130                 | 5               | 4 ½ X       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 152                        | 6               | 6 ½ x       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 200 or 203                 | 8               | 11 ½ x      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 254                        | 10              | 18 x        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 279                        | 11              | 21 ½ x      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 305                        | 12              | 26 x        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 356                        | 14              | 35 x        |  |  |  |  |  |

Unlike aperture, bigger is not always better when it comes to focal length. As you magnify the image more it becomes dimmer, so you need a larger aperture to compensate. It's also harder to find things as the telescope's field of view will be much smaller, plus it will tend to wobble about more due to the wind and vibrations caused by you. A focal length five or six times the aperture (in mm) is a good compromise, and will be described as 'f/5' or 'f/6' in the advertisement.

# **Magnification and Eyepieces**

Most telescopes aimed at beginners will be supplied with a couple of eyepieces. These will usually be fairly low quality but good enough to get you started. Each eyepiece will also have a focal length stated in millimetres. Lower numbered eyepieces (shorter focal lengths) magnify <u>more</u> than higher numbered ones. Confusing we know, but that's physics for you!

You can work out the magnification by dividing the telescope's focal length by the eyepiece's focal length. So if your telescope has a 600mm focal length, a 26mm eyepiece will magnify  $600 \div 26 = 23$  times magnification compared to the naked eye. Switch to a 6mm eyepiece and you'll get  $600 \div 6 = 100$  times magnification.



Eyepieces come in two diameters, 1 ¼ inches being most common, and 2 inches being used for larger, more expensive eyepieces. More expensive telescopes will accept both sizes. You may also get a 'Barlow Lens' which can used to double the magnification of any eyepiece.

# **Types of Telescope Mount**

The telescope mount is just as important as the telescope itself. A bad mount will make the best telescope hard to use. There are three types:

TIP: When observing with small kids, use a short stepladder to help them reach the eyepiece!

# **Altitude-Azimuth Mounts**

An 'Alt-Az' mount is simple to understand and operate. You point the telescope up, down, left and right to find the objects you wish to view.

Surprisingly, the view through an astronomical telescope is reversed so pointing up moves the view down, and pointing left moves right. It's confusing at first, but you'll get used to it!

Tracking objects as the Earth rotates requires you to move in both the up-down and left-right directions simultaneously. This can be a bit tricky at high magnifications even if the mount has 'slow motion' controls like the one shown to the right.

# **Equatorial Mounts**

An equatorial mount needs to be set up so that it is aligned to point at the North (pole) star. Tracking objects is then simply a matter of slowly turning one the slow-motion knobs as the Earth rotates. Equatorial mounts can usually be fitted with an optional tracking motor, leaving you free to observe.

It is a bit trickier to set up an equatorial mount and to get your head around how you point it at things in the sky, but easy enough once you have seen one in action.

Both cheaper Alt-Az and equatorial mounts tend to be quite wobbly and may come with flimsy tripods. You shouldn't underestimate this problem, as even at low magnifications a bad mount can make it impossible to get a good view.



# **Dobsonian Mounts**

The solution to wobbly views is the Dobsonian mount. This is a type of Alt-Az mount but, instead of a flimsy metal mount and tripod, the telescope is attached to a sturdy wooden box. Don't be fooled by the apparently primitive looks and technology. We think Dobs are the best type of mount for beginners, and indeed most of the largest amateur telescopes are Dobs too!

There's a one time 'IKEA flat-pack' assembly job, and after that you can have your Dob up and running in the garden in moments. Dobs also split down easily in to box and telescope for transport by car.

Another advantage is that most of the money goes on the telescope, which will invariably be a reflector, rather than on the mount. You definitely get more telescope and a more sturdy mount for your cash than any other type of beginner telescope.

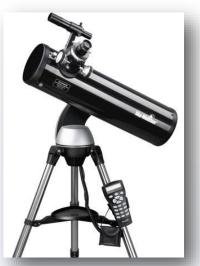


## **GOTO Mounts**

So far we've looked at manual mounts. These rely on you to learn your way around the sky in order to find things. You also have to track them as the Earth rotates unless you have a motorised equatorial mount. All three types of mount we have covered are also available in more expensive 'GOTO' versions.

A GOTO mount has motors which moves the telescope to any object in the sky automatically and then tracks it. The mount is usually controlled by a computerised handset or an Android/iOS app on a smartphone or tablet. All GOTO mounts need a battery or mains adaptor power supply which may not be included so please check when buying.

The advantage of GOTO mounts is that once set up and aligned, you can more easily find dim objects just by looking them up in the handset. The main disadvantage of GOTO is that each time out you have to start by aligning the mount to the sky. This is done by centring the telescope on particular bright stars, a skill requiring a bit of practice and some basic sky knowledge.







# **Advanced Mounts**

Some Dobsonians feature "Push To" that guides you to the desired object using directions on a small handset. You still move the telescope by hand, making it cheaper and lighter than GOTO!

There are a number of dual-mode mounts that allow you to change between Alt-Az and equatorial modes. Some mounts also have built-in or add-on GPS receivers and alignment cameras which will complete the whole set-up process automatically.

# **Which Brand To Buy?**

There are a number of brands aimed at beginner and intermediate astronomers. Whilst we do not endorse specific brands, there are three that offer a wider range of quality equipment:

Celestron Orion Telescopes & Binoculars Sky-Watcher

The same Chinese manufacturers build a lot of almost identical equipment for all three, so our guide suggests the versions that are cheapest! We've omitted a few brands which offer poor quality equipment at low prices, as well as those with high price tags aimed at more advanced astronomers.

# **Where To Shop?**

Customer service is key in case of problems, so buy from an established retailer specialising in astronomy. Avoid 'bargain' telescopes sold by supermarkets, electronics and photographic retailers. Again, we do not endorse specific suppliers. If you want to view before you buy the nearest specialist astronomy shops open to the public are: TIP: The best telescope is the one that actually gets used! Start with a model that is small and quick to set up.

The Widescreen Centre (Ely, Cambs): www.widescreen-centre.co.uk

Tring Astronomy Centre (Tring, Herts): www.tringastro.co.uk

F1 Telescopes (Sittingbourne, Kent): www.f1telescopes.co.uk

Increasingly, astronomy retailers are moving to online sales only, making membership of an astronomical society one of the few ways to get hands-on with equipment before buying. Some of the best known online retailers in the UK include:

Altair Astro: www.altairastro.com

David Hinds: www.celestron.uk.com

First Light Optics: www.firstlightoptics.com

Harrison Telescopes: www.harrisontelescopes.co.uk

Pulsar Astro: www.pulsarastro.com

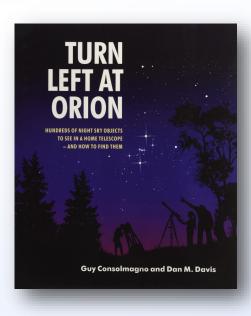
Telescope House: www.telescopehouse.com

# **Learning The Sky**



"Turn Left At Orion" is essential reading for anyone beginning their journey through the night sky. With simple diagrams and advice, you'll soon be spotting all sorts of celestial wonders. Available from Amazon and many other retailers.

A good planetarium app is also invaluable for any astronomer. There are a number out there, but we like "SkySafari 6", which is available for Android and Apple devices. The most basic version has everything the beginner needs and is often free.



# **Telescope Guide**

The telescope guide lists examples of commonly used beginner and intermediate telescopes. It is organised by approximate price at the time of writing. Do shop around though as prices change! Use your answers at the beginning of this guide to find the models that fit your needs.

# **Need More Help?**

We can't include every telescope available, so we cover complete packages as this is the easiest and most trouble-free way to start out. Look for our "Star Buys" which are the ones we'd purchase for at a given budget.



If you would like to get 'hands-on' with different telescopes before committing to an expensive purchase, why not become a member of North Essex Astronomical Society? We welcome new members from complete beginner on. It's the best way to get one-on-one advice as you start your journey through the night sky. Membership details can be found at the back of this guide.

| Model   | Aperture<br>: Focal<br>Length | Description   | Price? | Who? | Size?      | Hi-Tech? | Best For? |
|---|-------------------------------|---|--------|------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Celestron FirstScope 76mm  OR Sky-Watcher Heritage 76 Orion FunScope 76mm | 76mm :<br>300mm<br>(f/4)      | £48 Tiny Dobsonian reflector. Includes two eyepieces. Better than a toy scope. Stands on a high garden table.           | £      | *    | <i>ऄ</i>   |          | *         |
| Sky-Watcher Heritage 100P  OR Orion Sky Scanner 100mm                     | 100mm :<br>400mm<br>(f/4)     | £99 Small Dobsonian reflector. Includes two eyepieces, Barlow & reddot finder. Stands on a high garden table.           | £      | ¥    | <i>₹</i> 0 |          | ₩         |
| Celestron AstroMaster 70AZ  | 70mm :<br>900mm<br>(f/13)     | £110 Entry level Alt-Az refractor. Includes two eyepieces and smartphone adaptor for Moon pictures.                     | £      | *    | <i>₹</i> 0 |          | C         |
| Orion Observer 80ST  OR Sky-Watcher Startravel 80 EQ1                     | 80mm :<br>400mm<br>(f/5)      | £138 Wide-field<br>equatorial refractor.<br>Includes two eyepieces,<br>Barlow & red-dot finder.                         | £      | ¥    | <i>₹</i> 0 |          | *         |
| Sky-Watcher Heritage 130P Flextube  | 130mm :<br>650mm<br>(f/5)     | £142 Small Dobsonian reflector. Includes two eyepieces, Barlow & reddot finder. Portable and good optics for the price. | £      | *    | <i>₹</i> 0 |          | <b>८</b>  |

| Model   |              | Aperture<br>: Focal<br>Length | Description  | Price? | Who?         | Size?       | Hi-Tech? | Best For? |
|---|--------------|-------------------------------|--|--------|--------------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| Celestron<br>AstroMaster 90EQ                             |              | 90mm :<br>1,000mm<br>(f/11)   | £176 Small equatorial refractor. Includes two eyepieces. Optional tracking motor upgrade. Terrestrial viewing too.                 | £      | *            | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | C         |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Heritage-114P<br>Virtuoso                  |              | 114mm :<br>500mm<br>(f/4)     | £183 Table-top Alt-Az<br>reflector with<br>directional / tracking<br>motors. Optional GOTO<br>upgrade available.                   | £      | ¥<br>A       | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | <b>€</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Skyhawk-1145PS<br>AZ-EQ AVANT              |              | 114mm :<br>500mm<br>(f/4)     | £189 Dual mode Alt-Az/<br>Equatorial reflector on<br>tripod. Includes two<br>eyepieces & red-dot<br>finder.                        | £      | <b>&amp;</b> | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | <b>€</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher 150P<br>Dobsonian<br>OR<br>Orion SkyQuest XT6 |              | 153mm :<br>1,200mm<br>(f/8)   | £219 Mid-sized Dobsonian reflector. Includes two eyepieces & finder scope. Smallest freestanding Dob.                              | ££     | ¥<br>4       | •           |          | C         |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Explorer-130PS<br>AZ-EQ AVANT              |              | 130mm :<br>650mm<br>(f/5)     | £219 Dual mode Alt-Az/<br>Equatorial reflector on<br>tripod. Includes two<br>eyepieces & red-dot<br>finder.                        | ££     | <b>**</b>    | •           |          | <b>८</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Evostar-90 AZ<br>Pronto                    | A            | 90mm :<br>900mm<br>(f/10)     | £229 Simple Alt-Az<br>reflector. Includes two<br>eyepieces & finder scope.<br>Sturdy and stable mount.<br>Terrestrial viewing too. | ££     | ¥<br>4       | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | C         |
| Sky-Watcher Skyliner 200P Dobsonian OR Orion SkyQuest XT8 |              | 200mm :<br>1,200mm<br>(f/6)   | £289 Mid-sized Dobsonian reflector. Includes two eyepieces & finder scope. Our favourite telescope!                                | ££     | <b>**</b>    | •           |          |           |
| Sky-Watcher<br>SkyHawk-1145PS<br>AZ-GTe                   | (in)<br>Wife | 114mm :<br>500mm<br>(f/4)     | £295 Small GOTO Alt-Az<br>reflector. Includes two<br>eyepieces, Barlow, finder<br>scope. Controlled by free<br>Android/iOS App.    | ££     | <b>***</b>   | <i>₫</i> °0 |          | <b>€</b>  |

| Model  |    | Aperture<br>: Focal<br>Length | Description   | Price? | Who?       | Size?       | Hi-Tech? | Best For? |
|--|----|-------------------------------|---|--------|------------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| Celestron NexStar<br>90 SLT  |    | 90mm :<br>1,250mm<br>(f/14)   | £295 Compact GOTO Alt-<br>Az Maksutov. Includes<br>two eyepieces. Good for<br>Moon & planets.                           | ££     | <b>***</b> | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | C         |
| Sky-Watcher Skymax 102 SynScan AZ GOTO OR similar Orion StarSeeker IV 102mm GOTO |    | 102mm :<br>1,300mm<br>(f/13)  | £325 Compact GOTO Alt-<br>Az Maksutov. Includes<br>two eyepieces, Barlow &<br>finder scope. Good for<br>Moon & planets. | ££     | <b>***</b> | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | C         |
| Sky-Watcher<br>StarTravel-102 AZ<br>GTe  |    | 102mm :<br>500mm<br>(f/5)     | £339 Portable GOTO Alt-<br>Az refractor controlled by<br>free Android/iOS app,<br>Two eyepieces & red-dot<br>finder.    | ££     | **         | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | <b>८</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Explorer 130PS AZ<br>GTi  |    | 130mm :<br>650mm<br>(f/5)     | £360 Small Smartphone controlled GOTO Alt-Az reflector. Includes two eyepieces, Barlow & reddot finder.                 | ££     | <b>**</b>  | <i>₹</i> 0  |          | <b>८</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher Star<br>Discovery 150i<br>WiFi                                       |    | 150mm :<br>750mm<br>(f/5)     | £389 Small GOTO Alt-Az<br>reflector. Includes two<br>eyepieces & red-dot<br>finder. Control via iOS/<br>Android App.    | ££     | ***        | <b>\$</b>   |          | <b>★</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Skymax 127<br>Synscan AZ GOTO                                     |    | 127mm:<br>1,500mm<br>(f/12)   | £399 Larger GOTO Alt-Az<br>Maksutov. Includes two<br>eyepieces, Barlow &<br>finder scope.                               | ££     | <b>***</b> | •           |          | C         |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Skyliner 250PX<br>Dobsonian                                       | C- | 254mm :<br>1,200mm<br>(f/5)   | £439 Large manual<br>Dobsonian reflector.<br>Includes two eyepieces &<br>finder scope. Needs<br>storage space!          | ££     | <b>***</b> | *           |          | <b>(</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher<br>SkyMax-127 AZ<br>GTi  |    | 127mm:<br>1,500mm<br>(f/12)   | £445 Larger GOTO Alt-Az<br>Maksutov controlled by<br>free Android/iOS app,<br>Two eyepieces & red-dot<br>finder.        | ££     | <b>**</b>  | <del></del> |          | C         |

| Model   | Aperture<br>: Focal<br>Length | Description   | Price? | Who?         | Size?      | Hi-Tech? | Best For? |
|---|-------------------------------|---|--------|--------------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Orion StarBlast 6i<br>Intelliscope            | 150mm :<br>750mm<br>(f/5)     | £461 Table-top Push-To<br>Dobsonian reflector.<br>Includes two eyepieces &<br>red-dot finder. Stand on a<br>low garden table.     | ££     | <b>**</b>    | <b>\$</b>  |          | <b>★</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher 200P<br>EQ5                       | 200mm :<br>1,000mm<br>(f/5)   | £479 Mid-sized manual equatorial reflector. Includes two eyepieces, Barlow & finder scope. GOTO upgrade available.                | ££     | <b>**</b>    | <b>~</b>   |          |           |
| Celestron Astro Fi<br>125mm SCT               | 125mm :<br>1,200mm<br>(f/10)  | £549 Small GOTO Alt-Az<br>SCT. Includes two<br>eyepieces. Smartphone<br>controlled via Wi-Fi.                                     | £££    | <b>**</b>    | <i>₹</i> 0 |          | C         |
| Orion SkyQuest<br>XT8i Intelliscope           | 203mm :<br>1,200mm<br>(f/6)   | £693 Mid-size Push-To<br>Dobsonian reflector.<br>Includes two eyepieces<br>and finder-scope.                                      | £££    | <b>**</b>    | <b>Æ</b>   |          | <b>(</b>  |
| Sky-Watcher<br>Skyliner 200P<br>FlexTube GOTO | 200mm :<br>1,200mm<br>(f/6)   | £779 Mid-size GOTO Dobsonian reflector. Includes two eyepieces & finder scope. Stable, collapsible tube, heavy.                   | £££    | <b>**</b>    | *          |          |           |
| Celestron NexStar 6SE                         | 150mm :<br>1,500mm<br>(f/10)  | £879 Small Alt-Az GOTO<br>SCT. Includes one<br>eyepiece. Garish 1970s<br>orange makes it easy to<br>find in the dark.             | £££    | <b>**</b>    | •          |          | ©         |
| Skywatcher<br>Explorer 200P-DS<br>HEQ5 PRO    | 200mm :<br>1,000mm<br>(f/5)   | £1,059 Mid-sized equatorial reflector on heavyweight GOTO mount. Entry level for astrophotography.                                | £££    | <b>&amp;</b> |            |          | <b>©</b>  |
| Celestron NexStar<br>8SE                      | 203mm :<br>2,032mm<br>(f/10)  | £1,275 Large Alt-Az<br>GOTO SCT. Includes one<br>eyepiece. Low cost for a<br>big SCT. Great for planets<br>& other small objects. | £££    | <b>&amp;</b> | *          |          | <b>(</b>  |

# Join North Essex Astronomical Society!

Membership is open to all. We cover a wide range of interests, knowledge, skills and abilities. We are a social and friendly group, catering for anybody with an interest in astronomy.

Don't be scared off if you consider yourself a beginner: everyone is at some point! Some members are more active than others, but all are welcome. We currently have around 100 members, from beginners to keen astrophotographers.

# **Membership Fees & Benefits**

Our annual subscription fees are £25 per person, £35 per couple/family, £10 for under 16s or full time students.

Membership entitles you to:

- Access to and full use of our observatory dark site and telescopes
- Our monthly Pulsar e-magazine, weekly updates, BAA and FAS newsletters
- Reduced door charge for public meetings
- Observing sessions and workshops
- Members-only events, meetings, activities and social outings
- Affiliate membership of the Society for the History of Astronomy

The £10 Junior Membership for under 16s also entitles the Junior member to free entry to all public meetings (although you must be accompanied by an adult).

Join today and pay online securely at: www.northessexastro.co.uk/members

